## image Endowment for International Peace

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## Carnegie Endowment for International Peace

DIVISION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW

Pamphlet No. 7

# THE HAGUE DECLARATIONS OF 1899 (IV, 1) AND 1907 (XIV) PROHIBITING THE DISCHARGE OF PROJECTILES AND EXPLOSIVES FROM BALLOONS

PUBLISHED BY THE ENDOWMENT WASHINGTON, D. C. 1915



https://archive.org/details/haguedeclaration00inte

#### Preface

In view of the very great interest at the present time in the Conventions and signed Declarations of the First and Second Hague Conferences, and particularly because of the need of accurate information as to ratifications of and adhesions to the Conventions and Declarations relating to war, the Endowment has prepared a series of pamphlets in order that the public may learn from reliable sources the status of these international agreements and the extent to which the Powers now at war are bound by their provisions.

The first pamphlet of this series (No. 3 of the pamphlet series of the Division of International Law) contains the respective Tables of Signatures, Ratifications, Adhesions and Reservations of the Conventions and Declarations of the two Conferences. The compilation has been made from official sources, and the tables have been certified as accurate by the Department of State of the United States. In all cases the reservations contained in the *procès-verbaux*, but only referred to in the official tables issued by the International Bureau of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, have been translated and printed in full, with the references to the official reports where their texts appear. Without the complete text of a reservation it is impossible to know to what extent a Power is bound by a Convention or Declaration.

The Conventions and Declarations, as the case may be, of the two Conferences, are printed separately in the succeeding numbers of the pamphlets, accompanied by the respective lists of countries which have (a) ratified, or (b) adhered to, or (c) signed but not ratified them, with the date of the particular action taken. Each Convention or Declaration is followed also by the texts of reservations, as indicated above respecting the pamphlet containing the Tables of Signatures, Ratifications, etc. (No. 3). The English translations of the original French texts of the several Conventions, Declarations and Final Acts of the Conferences reproduce the official translations of the Department of State, except that a few obvious misprints, and an occasional mistranslation, have been corrected. Marginal notes have been added to facilitate reference.

Inasmuch as most of the Conventions and Declarations of the Conferences concerning war contain a clause to the effect that they only bind belligerents which have ratified them, and then only if all the belligerents are contracting Powers, there is appended a list of the countries now at war and the dates of the formal declarations or announcements of the existence of a state of war.

It should be noted that the Conventions and Declarations are not binding prior to the deposit of ratifications at The Hague. The mere signature of these conventional agreements may be regarded as the indication of an intention to ratify them, but creates no legal obligation. Adhesion has the effect of ratification. In this relation it is proper to remark that only the formal agreements of the Conferences—such as the Conventions and the signed Declarations—contemplate ratification. The informal agreements—such as the unsigned Declarations, Resolutions, Recommendations, and Vaux—are not signed separately. They are contained in the Final Act, which is an official summary of the proceedings of each Conference, and as such is signed.

A word should be said about the additional protocol to the Convention for an International Prize Court. It was not agreed upon at the Second Hague Conference, but was subsequently negotiated in order to remove objections to the Prize Court Convention. The signatures to it are indicated in the last column of the table of signatures of the Second Conference.

The Conventions and Declarations are numbered as in the Final Acts.

The official published proceedings of the First Conference are referred to in the footnotes as *Procès-verbaux*, those of the Second as Actes et documents. The full titles of the publications are respectively: (1) Conférence internationale de la paix. La Haye, 18 mai-29 juillet, 1899. Ministère des affaires étrangères. Nouvelle édition. La Haye. Martinus Nijhoff, 1907; (2) Deuxième conférence internationale de la paix. La Haye, 15 juin-18 octobre, 1907. Actes et documents. Ministère des affaires étrangères. La Haye, imprimerie nationale, 1907.

James Brown Scott, Director of the Division of International Law.

Washington, D. C., December 23, 1914.

## THE HAGUE DECLARATIONS OF 1899 (IV, 1) AND 1907 (XIV) PROHIBITING THE DISCHARGE OF PROJECTILES AND EXPLOSIVES FROM BALLOONS

1899

Declaration (IV, 1) to prohibit for the term of five years the launching of projectiles and explosives from balloons, and other new methods of a similar nature.—Signed at The Hague, July 29, 1899.

The undersigned, plenipotentiaries of the Powers represented at the International Peace Conference at The Hague, duly authorized to that effect by their Governments, inspired by the sentiments which found expression in the Declaration of St. Petersburg of the 29th November (11th December), 1868,

Declare that:

The contracting Powers agree to prohibit, for a term of five years, the launching of projectiles and explosives from balloons, or by other new methods of similar nature. 1907

Declaration (XIV) prohibiting the discharge of projectiles and explosives from balloons.— Signed at The Hague, October 18, 1907.\*

The undersigned, plenipotentiaries of the Powers invited to the Second International Peace Conference at The Hague, duly authorized to that effect by their Governments, inspired by the sentiments which found expression in the Declaration of St. Petersburg of the 29th November (11th December), 1868, and being desirous of renewing the declaration of The Hague of the 29th July, 1899, which has now expired,

Declare:

The contracting Powers agree to prohibit, for a period extending to the close of the Third Peace Conference, the discharge of projectiles and explosives from balloons or by other new methods of a similar nature.

International Declaration.

Launching projectiles from balloons, etc., prohibited.

<sup>\*</sup>Italics indicate differences between the Declarations of 1899 and 1907.

1899

Powers bound.

The present Declaration is only binding on the contracting Powers in case of war between two or more of them.

Exemption.

It shall cease to be binding from the time when, in a war between the contracting Powers, one of the belligerents is joined by a noncontracting Power.

Ratification.

The present Declaration shall be ratified as soon as possible.

Deposit at The Hague. The ratifications shall be deposited at The Hague.

Certified copies to Powers A procès-verbal shall be drawn up on the receipt of each ratification, of which a copy, duly certified, shall be sent through the diplomatic channel to all the contracting Powers.

Adhesion of non-signatory Powers.

The non-signatory Powers may adhere to the present Declaration. For this purpose they must make their adhesion known to the contracting Powers by means of a written notification addressed to the Netherland Government, and communicated by it to all the other contracting Powers.

Denunciation.

In the event of one of the high contracting Parties denouncing the present Declaration, such denunciation shall not take effect until a year after the notification made in writing to the Netherland Government, and by it forthwith communicated to all the other contracting Powers.

Notifying Power only affected. This denunciation shall only affect the notifying Power.

1907

The present Declaration is only binding on the contracting Powers in case of war between two or more of them.

It shall cease to be binding from the time when, in a war between the contracting Powers, one of the belligerents is joined by a noncontracting Power.

The present Declaration shall be ratified as soon as possible.

The ratifications shall be deposited at The Hague.

A procès-verbal shall be drawn up recording the receipt of the ratifications, of which a duly certified copy shall be sent, through the diplomatic channel, to all the contracting Powers.

Non-signatory Powers may adhere to the present Declaration. To do so, they must make known their adhesion to the contracting Powers by means of a written notification, addressed to the Netherland Government, and communicated by it to all the other contracting Powers.

In the event of one of the high contracting Parties denouncing the present Declaration, such denunciation shall not take effect until a year after the notification made in writing to the Netherland Government, and forthwith communicated by it to all the other contracting Powers.

This denunciation shall only have effect in regard to the notifying Power.

### 1899

In faith of which the plenipotentiaries have signed the present Declaration, and affixed their seals thereto.

Done at The Hague, the 29th July, 1899, in a single copy, which shall be kept in the archives of the Netherland Government, and of which copies, duly certified, shall be sent through the diplomatic channel to the contracting Powers.

[Here follow signatures.]

### 1907

In faith whereof the plenipotentiaries have appended their signatures to the present Declaration.

Done at The Hague, the 18th October, 1907, in a single copy, which shall remain deposited in the archives of the Netherland Government, and duly certified copies of which shall be sent, through the diplomatic channel, to the contracting Powers.

[Here follow signatures.]

Signing.

Deposit of original.

#### RATIFICATIONS, ADHESIONS AND RESERVATIONS

The 1899 Declaration was ratified by the following signatory Powers on the dates indicated:

Austria-Hungary September 4, 1	900
Belgium September 4, 1	
Bulgaria	900
ChinaNovember 21, 1	904
Denmark September 4, 1	900
France	900
Germany September 4, 1	900
Greece	901
Italy September 4, 1	900
Japan October 6, 1	
Luxemburg July 12, 1	901
Mexico	901
MontenegroOctober 16, 1	
Netherlands September 4, 1	900
Norway(See Sweden and Norw	ay)
Persia September 4, 1	900
Portugal September 4, 1	900
Roumania September 4, 1	900
Russia September 4, 1	900

Servia May 11,	1901
Siam September 4,	1900
Spain September 4,	1900
Sweden and NorwaySeptember, 4,	1900
Switzerland December 29,	1900
United StatesSeptember 4,	1900

Adhesions: none.

Power which signed but did not ratify: Turkey.

Reservations: none.

The 1907 Declaration was ratified by the following signatory Powers on the dates indicated:

Belgium	1910
Bolivia November 27,	1909
BrazilJanuary 5,	1914
China November 27,	1909
Great BritainNovember 27,	1909
Haiti	1910
Luxemburg September 5,	1912
Netherlands November 27,	1909
Norway September 19,	1910
Panama September 11,	1911
Portugal	1911
Salvador November 27,	1909
Siam	1910
Switzerland	1910
United StatesNovember 27,	1909

## Adhesions:

Liberia	.February	4,	1914
Nicaragua	December 1	6.	1909

The following Powers signed the Declaration but have not yet ratified:

Argentine Republic Ecuador
Austria-Hungary Greece
Bulgaria Persia
Colombia Peru
Cuba Turkey
Dominican Republic Uruguay

Reservations: none.

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